AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1	1. (Currently amended) A computer implemented method of detecting
2	scanning attacks, comprises:
3	adding host-pair connection records to a connection table first data
4	structure stored on a computer readable medium when a host accesses another
5	host during a first update period;
6	at the end of a first update period, accessing the connection table to
7	determine new host pairs; determining the number of new host pairs added to the
8	connection table first data structure over the first update period; and
9	aggregating host-pair connection records from the first data structure into
10	a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is
11	greater than the first update period;
12	determining the number of new host pairs added to the second data
13	structure over the second update period; and
14	indicating a host as a scanner when at least one of the following
15	conditions is true:
16	(1) if athe host has made appears in more than a first threshold number
17	"C1" of host pairs within the first update period, and an a first historical number of
18	host pairs is smaller than the <u>first</u> threshold number by a first factor value; "C2"
19	<u>and</u>
20	, then

21	(2) the host appears in more than a second threshold number of host pairs
22	within the second update period, and a second historical number of host pairs is
23	smaller than the second threshold number by a second factor value.
1	2. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein "C1" and "C2" the
2	first threshold number and the first factor value are adjustable thresholds.
1	3. (Currently amended) The method of claim 2 wherein the connection
2	table first data structure is a current time-slice connection table and host pair host-
3	<u>pair connection</u> records are added to the current time slice connection table.
1	4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 3, further comprising:
2	aggregating records from the current time-slice table into a second update
3	period table, the second update period table having a period that is greater in
4	duration than the first update period;
5	checking for ping scans at the end of the second update period; and
6	indicating hosts which produced more than "C3" the second threshold
7	number of new host pairs over the second update period.
1	5. (Cancelled)
1	6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
2	maintaining Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) packet statistics in the
3	connection table first data structure and for sparse subnets tracking the number of
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4	generated ARP requests that do not receive responses to detect scans on sparse
5	sub-networks.
1	7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the scanning attack is a ping
2	scanning attack.
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1	8. (Currently amended) A computer implemented method of detecting port
2	scanning attacks, the method comprises:
3	retrieving from a connection table first data structure stored on a computer
4	readable medium logged values of protocols and ports used-in host pair host-pair
5	connections connection records added in the connection table first data structure
6	during a first update period;
7	determining the number of ports associated with a host over the first
8	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the first data structure;
9	aggregating host-pair connection records from the first data structure into
10	a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is
11	greater than the first update period;
12	determining the number of ports associated with a host over the second
13	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the second data
14	structure; and
15	reporting a host associated with a port scan when at least one of the
16	following conditions is true:
17	(1) the number of ports associated with the host within the first update
18	period is greater than a first threshold number, and a first historical number of
19	ports associated with the host is smaller than the first threshold number by a first
20	<u>factor value</u> ; <u>and</u> determining if the number of ports used in an historical profile is
21	smaller by a factor "C1" than a current number of ports being scanned by a host;
22	and if the current number is greater than a lower-bound threshold "C2" recording
23	an anomaly; and
24	reporting a port scan
25	(2) the number of ports associated with the host within the second update
26	period is greater than a second threshold number, and a second historical number
27	of ports associated with the host is smaller than the second threshold number by a
28	second factor value.

1	9. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising:
2	assigning a severity level to the port scan and reporting the severity level
3	of the port scan.
1	10. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the reported severity varies
2	as a function of the deviation from historical norm.
1	11. (Currently amended) The method of claim 8 further comprising:
2	determining from accessing data in the connection table first data structure
3	statistics about TCP reset (RST) packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets, to
4	detect a spike in the number of RST packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets
5	relative to the historical profile to increase determine the severity of a port scan
6	event.
1	12. (Cancelled)
1	13. (Cancelled)
1	14. (Currently amended) A computer program product residing on a
2	computer readable medium for detecting scanning attacks, comprises instructions
3	for causing a computer to:
4	add host-pair connection records to a connection table first data structure
5	when a host accesses another host during a first update period;
6	at the end of a first update period, accessing the connection table to
7	determine new host pairs;
8	determine the number of new host pairs added to the connection table first
9	data structure over the first update period; and

10	aggregate host-pair connection records from the first data structure into a
11	second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is greater
12	than the first update period;
13	determine the number of new host pairs added to the second data structure
14	over the second update period; and
15	indicate a host as a scanner when at least one of the following conditions
16	is true:
17	(1) the host appears in more than a first threshold number of host pairs
18	within the first update period, and a first historical number of host pairs is smaller
19	than the first threshold number by a first factor value; and
20	(2) the host appears in more than a second threshold number of host pairs
21	within the second update period, and a second historical number of host pairs is
22	smaller than the second threshold number by a second factor value.if a host has
23	made more than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and an historical
24	number of host pairs is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value
25	"C2", then
26	indicate to a console that the new host is a scanner.
1	15. (Currently amended) The computer program product of claim 14
2	wherein the first threshold number and the first factor value "C1" and "C2" are
3	adjustable thresholds .
1	16. (Currently amended) The computer program product of claim 14
2	wherein the connection table first data structure is a current time-slice connection
3	table and host pair host-pair connection records are added to the current time slice
4	connection table.
1	17. (Currently amended) The computer program product of claim 16,
2	further comprising instructions to:

3	aggregate records from the current time-slice table into a second update
4	period table;
5	check for ping scans at the end of a the second update period; and
6	indicate hosts which produced more than "C3" the second threshold
7	number of new host pairs over the second update period.
1	18. (Cancelled)
1	19. (Currently amended) The computer program product of claim 14
2	further comprising instructions to:
3	maintain Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) packet statistics in the
4	connection table first data structure; and
5	track the number of generated ARP requests that do not receive responses
6	to detect scans on sparse sub-networks.
1	20. (Currently amended) A computer program product residing on a
2	computer readable medium for detecting port scanning attacks, the computer
3	program product comprises instructions for causing a processor to:
4	retrieve from a connection table first data structure logged values of
5	protocols and ports used forin host pair host-pair connection records connections
6	in the connection table first data structure during a first update period;
7	determine the number of ports associated with a host over the first update
8	period based on the host-pair connection records in the first data structure;
9	aggregate host-pair connection records from the first data structure into a
10	second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is greater
11	than the first update period;
12	determine the number of ports associated with a host over the second
13	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the second data
14	structure; and

15	report a nost associated with a port scan when at least one of the following
16	conditions is true:
17	(1) the number of ports associated with the host within the first update
18	period is greater than a first threshold number, and a first historical number of
19	ports associated with the host is smaller than the first threshold number by a first
20	factor value; and
21	(2) the number of ports associated with the host within the second update
22	period is greater than a second threshold number, and a second historical number
23	of ports associated with the host is smaller than the second threshold number by a
24	second factor valueddetermine if the number of ports used in a historical profile is
25	smaller by a factor "C1" than a current number of ports being scanned by a host
26	and the current number is greater than a lower-bound threshold "C2", to record
27	the anomaly; and
28	report a port scan to a console.
1	21. (Original) The computer program product of claim 20 further
2	comprising instructions to:
3	assign a severity level to the port scan and report the severity level of the
4	port scan.
1	22. (Original) The computer program product of claim 21 wherein the
2	reported severity varies as a function of the deviation from historical norm.
1	23. (Currently amended) The computer program product of claim 21
2	further comprising instructions to:
3	determine from the connection table first data structure statistics about
4	TCP reset (RST) packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets to detect a spike in
5	the number of RST packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets relative to the
6	profile to increase determine the severity of a port scan event.
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1	24. (Currently amended) Apparatus comprising:
2	circuitry for detecting scanning attacks, comprising:
3	circuitry to add host-pair connection records to a connection table first data
4	structure when a host accesses another host during a first update period;
5	circuitry to access the connection table to determine new host pairs;
6	circuitry to determine the number of new host pairs added to the
7	connection table first data structure over a first update period; and
8	circuitry to aggregate host-pair connection records from the first data
9	structure into a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period
0	that is greater than the first update period;
1	circuitry to determine the number of new host pairs added to the second
2	data structure over the second update period; and
13	circuitry to indicate a host as a scanner when at least one of the following
4	conditions is true:
5	(1) the host appears in more than a first threshold number of host pairs
16	within the first update period, and a first historical number of host pairs is smaller
17	than the first threshold number by a first factor value; and
8	(2) the host appears in more than a second threshold number of host pairs
9	within the second update period, and a second historical number of host pairs is
20	smaller than the second threshold number by a second factor value.eircuitry to
21	indicate to a console that the new host is a scanner when a host has made more
22	than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and an historical number of host
23	pairs is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C2."
1	25. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 24 wherein "C1" and

"C2" the first threshold number and the first factor value are adjustable thresholds.

1	26. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the
2	connection table first data structure is a current time-slice connection table and
3	host pair host-pair connection records are added to the current time slice
4	connection table.
1	27. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 24, further comprising:
2	circuitry to aggregate records from the current time-slice table into a
3	second update period table;
4	circuitry to check for ping scans at the end of a second update period; and
5	circuitry to indicate hosts which produced more than "C3" the second
6	threshold number of new host pairs over the second update period.
1	28. (Currently amended) Apparatus comprising:
2	a processing device; and
3	a computer readable medium tangible embodying a computer program
4	product for detecting scanning attacks, the computer program product comprising
5	instructions for causing the processing device to:
6	add host-pair connection records to a connection table first data structure
7	when a host accesses another host during a first update period;
8	at the end of a first update period, accessing the connection table to
9	determine new host pairs;
10	determine the number of new host pairs added to the connection table first
11	data structure over the first update period; and
12	aggregate host-pair connection records from the first data structure into a
13	second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is greater
14	than the first update period;
15	determine the number of new host pairs added to the second data structure
16	over the second update period; and

17	indicate a host as a scanner when at least one of the following conditions
18	is true:
19	(1) the host appears in more than a first threshold number of host pairs
20	within the first update period, and a first historical number of host pairs is smaller
21	than the first threshold number by a first factor value; and
22	(2) the host appears in more than a second threshold number of host pairs
23	within the second update period, and a second historical number of host pairs is
24	smaller than the second threshold number by a second factor value. if a host has
25	made more than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and an historical
26	number of host pairs is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value
27	"C2", then
28	indicate to a console that the new host is a scanner.
1	29. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein "C1" and
2	"C2" the first threshold number and the first factor value are adjustable thresholds.
1	30. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the
2	connection table first data structure is a current time-slice connection table and
3	host pair host-pair connection records are added to the current time slice
4	connection table.
1	31. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the
2	computer program product further comprises instructions to:
3	aggregate records from the current time-slice table into a second update
4	period table;
5	check for ping scans at the end of a second update period; and
6	indicate hosts which produced more than second threshold number of "C3"
7	new host pairs over the second update period.

1	32. (Cancelled)
1	33. (Currently amended) Apparatus comprising:
2	a processing device;
3	a computer readable medium tangibly embodying a computer program
4	product for detecting port scanning attacks, the computer program product
5	comprises instructions for causing a processor to:
6	retrieve from a connection table first data structure logged values of
7	protocols and ports used for host pair connections in host-pair connection records
8	in the first data structure during a first update period in the connection table;
9	determine the number of ports associated with a host over the first update
10	period based on the host-pair connection records in the first data structure;
11	aggregate host-pair connection records from the first data structure into a
12	second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is greater
13	than the first update period;
14	determine the number of ports associated with a host over the second
15	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the second data
16	structure; and
17	report a host associated with a port scan when at least one of the following
18	conditions is true:
19	(1) the number of ports associated with the host within the first update
20	period is greater than a first threshold number, and a first historical number of
21	ports associated with the host is smaller than the first threshold number by a first
22	factor value; and
23	(2) the number of ports associated with the host within the second update
24	period is greater than a second threshold number, and a second historical number
25	of ports associated with the host is smaller than the second threshold number by a
26	second factor valuedetermine if the number of ports used in a historical profile is

28	and the current number is greater than a lower-bound threshold "C2", to record
29	the anomaly; and
30	report a port scan to a console.
1	34. (Original) The apparatus of claim 33 further comprising instructions
2	to:
3	assign a severity level to the port scan and report the severity level of the
4	port scan.
1	35. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the reported
2	severity varies as a function of the deviation from a historical norm-as determined
3	from the historical profile.
1	36. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 34 further comprising
2	instructions to:
3	determine from the connection table first data structure statistics about
4	TCP reset (RST) packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets to detect a spike in
5	the number of RST packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets relative to the
6	profile to increase determine the severity of a port scan event.
1	37. (New) A computer implemented method of detecting scanning attacks
2	comprises:
3	adding host-pair connection records to a first data structure stored on a
4	computer readable medium when a host accesses another host during a first
5	update period;
6	determining the number of new host pairs added to the first data structure
7	over the first update period;
8	aggregating host-pair connection records from the first data structure into

9	a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is
0	greater than the first update period;
1	determining the number of new host pairs added to the second data
12	structure over the second update period; and
3	indicating a host as a scanner when the host appears in more than a first
4	threshold number of host pairs within the first update period, and a first historical
5	number of host pairs is smaller than the first threshold number by a first factor
16	value.
1	38. (New) A computer implemented method of detecting scanning attacks,
2	comprises:
3	adding host-pair connection records to a first data structure stored on a
4	computer readable medium when a host accesses another host during a first
5	update period;
6	determining the number of new host pairs added to the first data structure
7	over the first update period;
8	aggregating host-pair connection records from the first data structure into
9	a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is
0	greater than the first update period;
1	determining the number of new host pairs added to the second data
2	structure over the second update period; and
3	indicating a host as a scanner when the host appears in more than a second
4	threshold number of host pairs within the second update period, and a second
5	historical number of host pairs is smaller than the second threshold number by a
16	second factor value.
1	39. (New) A computer implemented method of detecting port scanning

attacks, the method comprises:

3	retrieving from a first data structure stored on a computer readable
4	medium logged values of protocols and ports in host-pair connection records
5	added in the first data structure during a first update period;
6	determining the number of ports associated with a host over the first
7	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the first data structure;
8	aggregating host-pair connection records from the first data structure into
9	a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is
10	greater than the first update period;
11	determining the number of ports associated with a host over the second
12	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the second data
13	structure; and
14	reporting a host associated with a port scan when the number of ports
15	associated with the host within the first update period is greater than a first
16	threshold number, and a first historical number of ports associated with the host is
17	smaller than the first threshold number by a first factor value.
1	40. (New) A computer implemented method of detecting port scanning
2	attacks, the method comprises:
3	retrieving from a first data structure stored on a computer readable
4	medium logged values of protocols and ports in host-pair connection records
5	added in the first data structure during a first update period;
6	determining the number of ports associated with a host over the first
7	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the first data structure;
8	aggregating host-pair connection records from the first data structure into
9	a second data structure which corresponds to a second update period that is
10	greater than the first update period;
11	determining the number of ports associated with a host over the second
12	update period based on the host-pair connection records in the second data
13	structure; and

reporting a host associated with a port scan when the number of ports
associated with the host within the second update period is greater than a second
threshold number, and a second historical number of ports associated with the
host is smaller than the second threshold number by a second factor value.